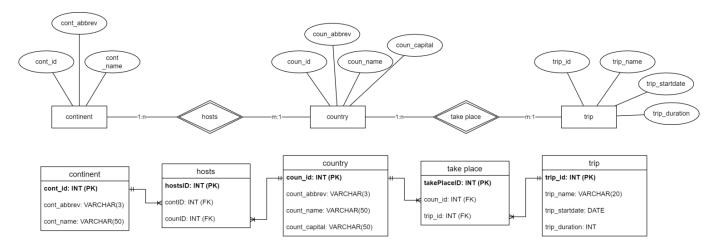
2025/08/30 05:14 1/2 LU04.S04 - ERD: Travel DB

## LU04.S04 - ERD: Travel DB

- The attribut must be taken over and added with data-types and constraints (primary keys)
- The relations must be realized as relation tables, that connect the base tables
- The attributes of the relation tables are: id, and the primary key of each base table as foreign key
- Finally, the cardinalities must be added, which show how the relationships between the tables actually are.
- The attribut must be taken over and added with data-types and constraints (primary keys)



## **Case Study**

The relation between **Countries** and **Continents** is a so called **many-to-many-relation** = **n:m-relation**. In the following illustration, we can see, that one continent consists of several countries. For some countries, however, this relationship applies in both directions, e.g. Turkey and Russia, which are located in both Asia and Europe.

Entity	Continents					Entity	Countries
Continent_ID	Continent_Name					Country_ID	County_Name
1	Asien					1	Switzerland
2	Europa					2	Australia
3	Nord-America					3	USA
4	Südamerica					4	Russia
5	Africa					5	Germany
6	Ozeanien					6	New Zealand
7	Antarktis					7	Turkey
		Explaination	Hosts_ID	Cont_ID_FK	Country:ID_FK	8	
		Asia hosts Russia	1	1	4		
		Asia hosts Turkey	2	1	7		
		Europe hosts Switzerland	3	2	1		
		Europe hosts Germany	4	2	5		
		Europe hosts Turkey as well	5	2	7		
		Euroe hosts Russia, too	6	2	4		
			7				

## **Vocabulary**

English	German		
constraint	Einschränkung, Bedingung		

1	5	1	3
_	J	_	J

English		German		
Ç	given	gegebene, vorausgesetzt		
(	case study	Fallbeispiel		



From:

https://wiki.bzz.ch/ - BZZ - Modulwiki

Permanent link:

https://wiki.bzz.ch/modul/m290/learningunits/lu03/loesungen/l04

Last update: 2024/10/02 15:13



https://wiki.bzz.ch/ Printed on 2025/08/30 05:14