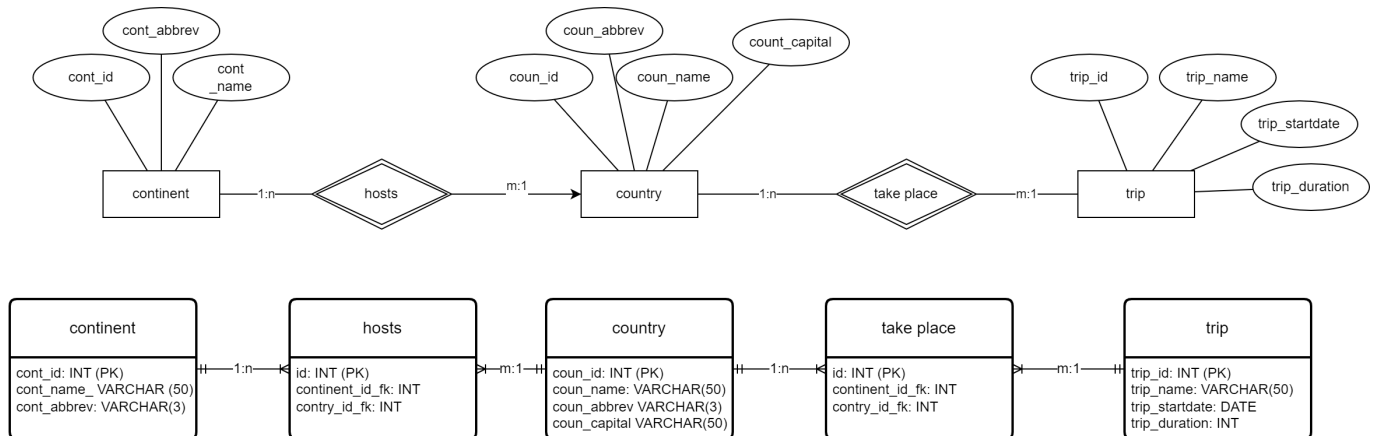


LU03.S04 - ERD: Travel DB

- The attribut must be taken over and added with data-types and constraints (primary keys)
- The relations must be realized as relation tables, that connect the base tables
- The attributes of the relation tables are: id, and the primary key of each base table as foreign key
- Finally, the cardinalities must be added, which show how the relationships between the tables actually are.
- The attribut must be taken over and added with data-types and constraints (primary keys)



Case Study

The relation between **Countries** and **Continents** is a so called **many-to-many-relation = n:m-relation**. In the following illustration, we can see, that one continent consists of several countries. For some countries, however, this relationship applies in both directions, e.g. Turkey and Russia, which are located in both Asia and Europe.

Entity	Continents							Entity	Countries
Continent_ID	Continent_Name							Country_ID	Country_Name
1	Asien							1	Switzerland
2	Europa							2	Australia
3	Nord-America							3	USA
4	Südamerica							4	Russia
5	Africa							5	Germany
6	Ozeanien							6	New Zealand
7	Antarktis							7	Turkey
								8	...

Explanation	Hosts ID	Cont ID FK	Country:ID FK
Asia hosts Russia	1	1	4
Asia hosts Turkey	2	1	7
Europe hosts Switzerland	3	2	1
Europe hosts Germany	4	2	5
Europe hosts Turkey as well	5	2	7
Europe hosts Russia, too	6	2	4
	7

Vocabulary

English	German
constraint	Einschränkung, Bedingung

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English	German
given	gegebene, vorausgesetzt
case study	Fallbeispiel



Volkan Demir

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