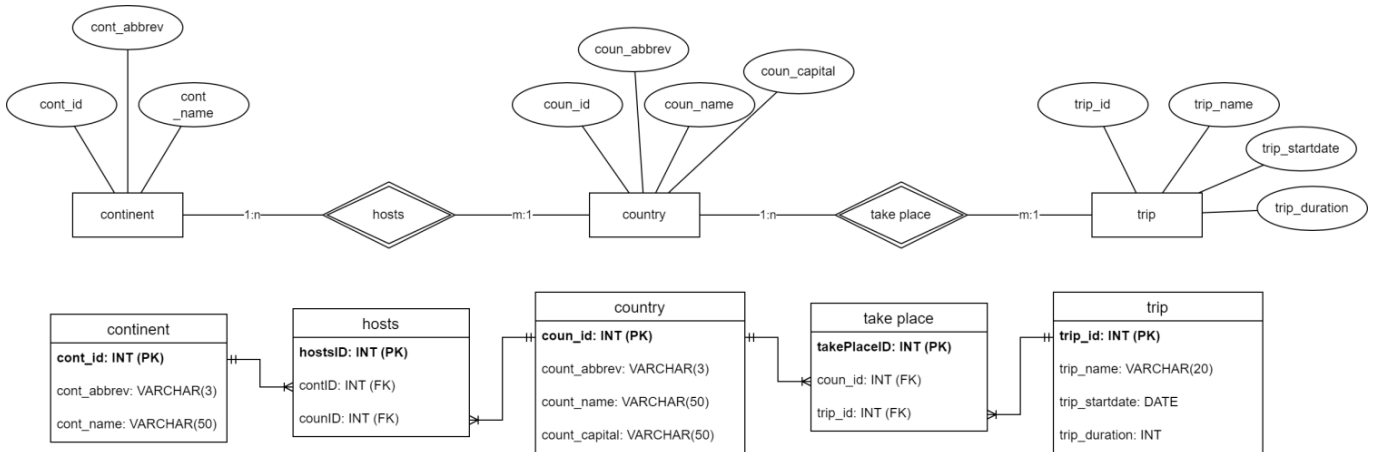


LU03.S04 - ERD: Travel DB

- The attribut must be taken over and added with data-types and constraints (primary keys)
- The relations must be realized as relation tables, that connect the base tables
- The attributes of the relation tables are: id, and the primary key of each base table as foreign key
- Finally, the cardinalities must be added, which show how the relationships between the tables actually are.
- The attribut must be taken over and added with data-types and constraints (primary keys)



Case Study

The relation between **Countries** and **Continents** is a so called **many-to-many-relation = n:m-relation**. In the following illustration, we can see, that one continent consists of several countries. For some countries, however, this relationship applies in both directions, e.g. Turkey and Russia, which are located in both Asia and Europe.

Entity	Continents	Entity	Countries
Continent ID	Continent Name	Country ID	County Name
1	Asien	1	Switzerland
2	Europa	2	Australia
3	Nord-America	3	USA
4	Südamerica	4	Russia
5	Africa	5	Germany
6	Ozeanien	6	New Zealand
7	Antarktis	7	Turkey
		8	...

Explanation	Hosts_ID	Cont_ID_FK	Country:ID_FK
Asia hosts Russia	1	1	4
Asia hosts Turkey	2	1	7
Europe hosts Switzerland	3	2	1
Europe hosts Germany	4	2	5
Europe hosts Turkey as well	5	2	7
Euroe hosts Russia, too	6	2	4
	7

Vocabulary

English	German
constraint	Einschränkung, Bedingung

Last update: 2024/09/19 16:32 modul:m290:learningunits:lu03:loesungen:l04 <https://wiki.bzz.ch/modul/m290/learningunits/lu03/loesungen/l04?rev=1726756335>

English	German
given	gegebene, vorausgesetzt
case study	Fallbeispiel



Volkan Demir

From: <https://wiki.bzz.ch/> - **BZZ - Modulwiki**

Permanent link: <https://wiki.bzz.ch/modul/m290/learningunits/lu03/loesungen/l04?rev=1726756335>

Last update: **2024/09/19 16:32**

