# LU04.A04 - SQL-DQL: Selects with Aggregate Functions

## Requirements

- Work type: individualTimeframe: 20 Minutes
- Means of aid:
  - only teaching materials, no websearch, no use of ai.
  - W3Schools | SQL Editor
- Expected result: Semantically and syntactically correct SQL statements according to the requirements of the case studies.

## **Case studies / Assignments**

The following ERD describes a order database for a a shop.

## **Assignments**

The general assignment is to develop DQL commands that matches the requirements below:

#### **Assignment a: MIN**

We want to know which of our products is actually the most expensive.

```
SELECT max(price)
FROM Products;
```

## Assignment b: MAX

What is the lowest price among the products of the supplier with the id = 12.

```
SELECT max(price)
FROM Products
WHERE SupplierID = 12;
```

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## **Assignment c)**

## **Solution**

Lösung

## **Vocabulary**

English	German



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