

LU04.A04 - SQL-DQL: Selects with Aggregate Functions

Requirements

- Work type: individual
- Timeframe: 20 Minutes
- Means of aid:
 - only teaching materials, no websearch, no use of ai.
 - [W3Schools | SQL Editor](#)
- Expected result: Semantically and syntactically correct SQL statements according to the requirements of the case studies.

Case studies / Assignments

The following ERD describes a order database for a a shop.

Assignments

The general assignment is to develop DQL commands that matches the requirements below:

Assignment a: MIN

We want to know which of our products is actually the most expensive.

```
SELECT max(price)
FROM Products;
```

Assignment b: MAX

What is the lowest price for the products of the supplier with id = 12?

```
SELECT max(price)
FROM Products
WHERE SupplierID = 12;
```

Assignment c: AVG

What is the average price for products of supplier 3?

```
SELECT AVG(price)
FROM Products
WHERE SupplierID = 3;
```

Assignment c: AVG

How many orders do we currently have in our data-base system from the customer with id = 5?

```
SELECT count(customerID)
FROM Orders
where customerID = 5;
```

Solution

[Lösung](#)

Vocabulary

English	German
...	...



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