

LU07.S03 - UPDATE

A: Basic Update

As a company policy the attribute 'sex' is not required anymore and is to be emptied. Formulate the corresponding SQL statement that deletes all content from that column.

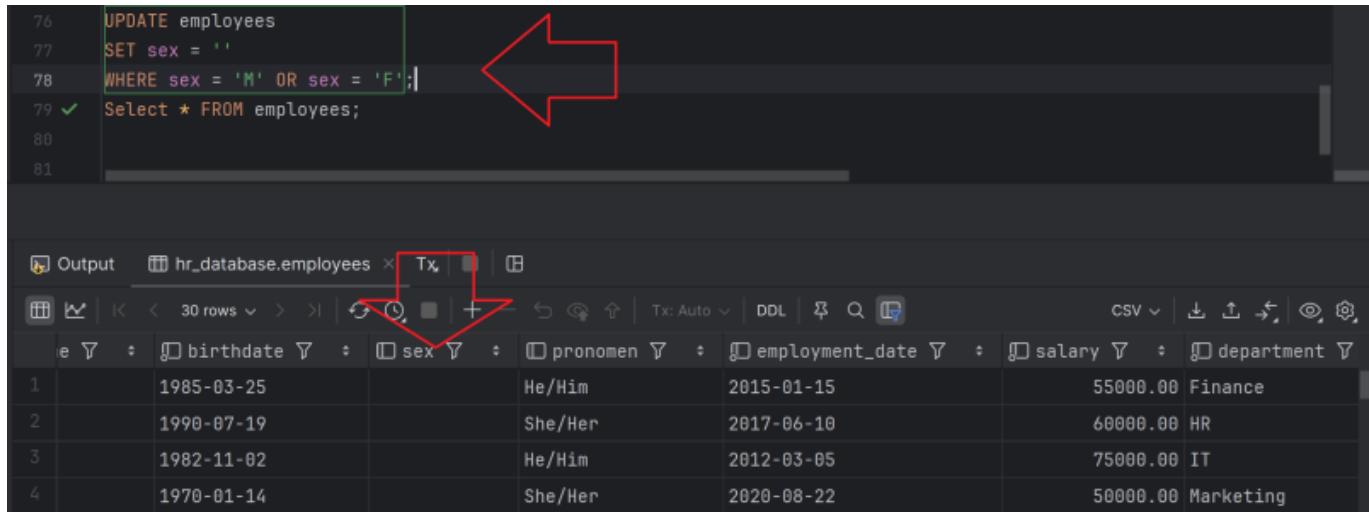
```
Update employees
SET surname = 'Suter'
WHERE employee_ID = 8;
```

B: Update with OR

As a company policy the attribute 'sex' is not required anymore and is to be emptied. Formulate the corresponding SQL statement that deletes all content from that column.

```
UPDATE employees
SET sex = ''
WHERE sex = 'M' OR sex = 'F';
```

After performing the update statement, the select on the table 'employee' shows that the column 'sex' is now empty.



```
76 UPDATE employees
77 SET sex = ''
78 WHERE sex = 'M' OR sex = 'F';
79 ✓ Select * FROM employees;
```

	employee_id	first_name	last_name	email	hire_date	job_id	salary	commission_pct	manager_id	department_id
1	1	John	Doe	John.Doe@bzz.ch	1985-03-25	1	55000.00		2	Finance
2	2	Anna	Smith	Anna.Smith@bzz.ch	1990-07-19	2	60000.00		3	HR
3	3	Mark	Williams	Mark.Williams@bzz.ch	1982-11-02	3	75000.00		4	IT
4	4	Sarah	Jones	Sarah.Jones@bzz.ch	1970-01-14	4	50000.00		5	Marketing

C: Update with AND =?

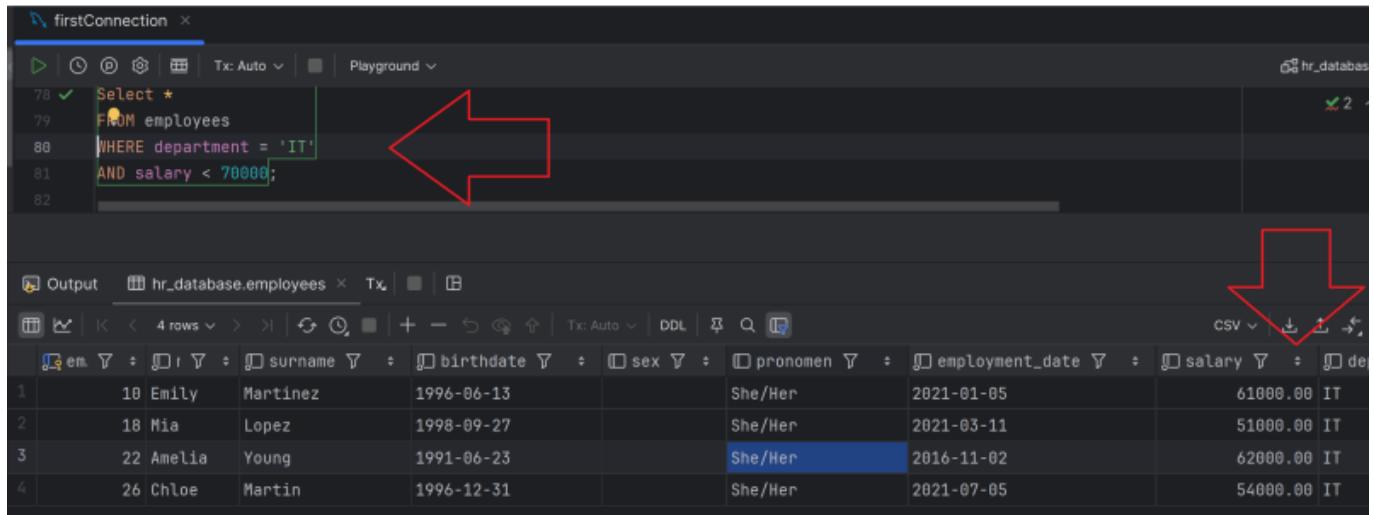
The performance of our company's IT department was outstanding last year, resulting in a pay rise to 70'000 for all IT employees earning less than CHF 70,000. Create a DML update command that covers the requirements.

to make sure, that the outcome is correct we first need to find the rows concerned. The following SQL

statements will give us the correct resultset.

```
Select *  
FROM employees  
WHERE department = 'IT'  
AND salary < 70000;
```

This execution of the select results in the following image:

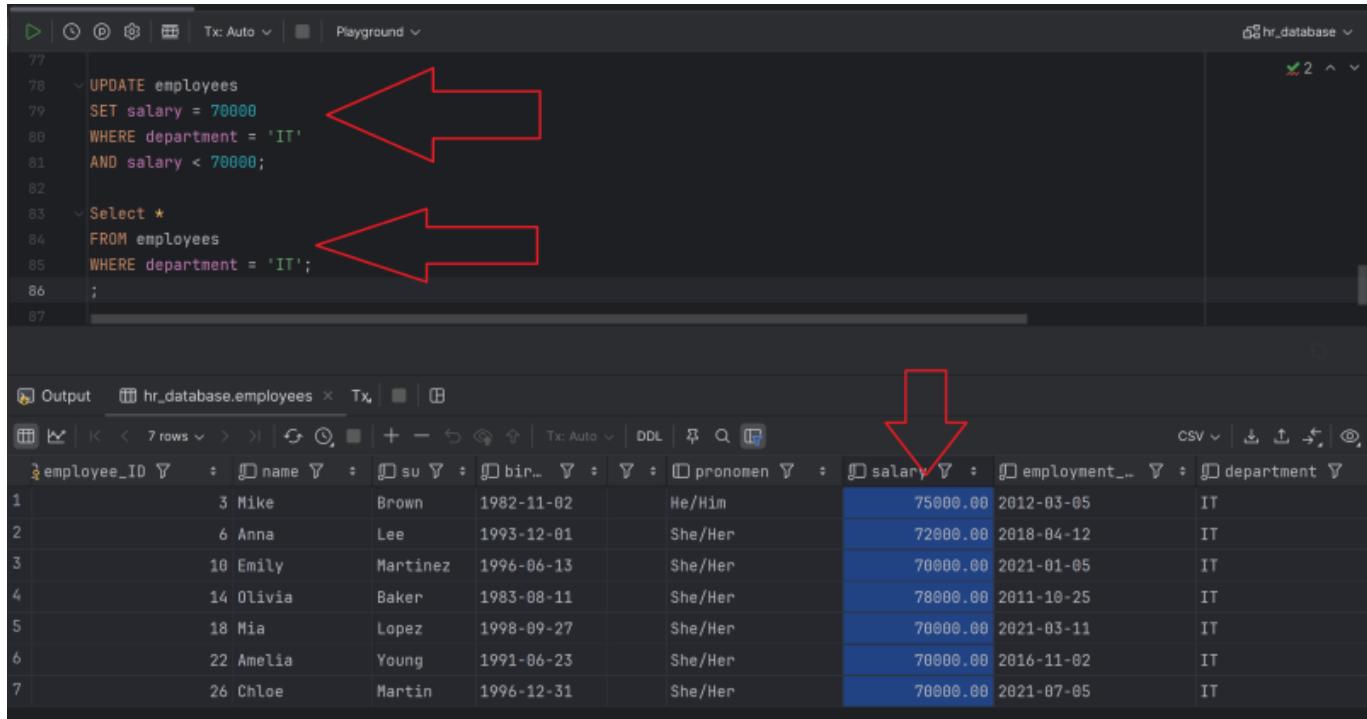


	em.	first_name	surname	birthdate	sex	pronomen	employment_date	salary	department
1	10	Emily	Martinez	1996-06-13		She/Her	2021-01-05	61000.00	IT
2	18	Mia	Lopez	1998-09-27		She/Her	2021-03-11	51000.00	IT
3	22	Amelia	Young	1991-06-23		She/Her	2016-11-02	62000.00	IT
4	26	Chloe	Martin	1996-12-31		She/Her	2021-07-05	54000.00	IT

After executing the following update command, we check the result, in which the 4 lines the 'Salary' column are now updated to CHF 70'0000,-.

```
UPDATE employees  
SET salary = 70000  
WHERE department = 'IT'  
AND salary < 70000;
```

```
Select *  
FROM employees  
WHERE department = 'IT';
```



```

77
78 UPDATE employees
79 SET salary = 70000
80 WHERE department = 'IT'
81 AND salary < 70000;
82
83 Select *
84 FROM employees
85 WHERE department = 'IT';
86 ;

```

Output hr_database.employees x Tx | 2 | 1

employee_ID	name	su	bir...	pronomen	salary	employment...	department
1	3 Mike	Brown	1982-11-02	He/Him	75000.00	2012-03-05	IT
2	6 Anna	Lee	1993-12-01	She/Her	72000.00	2018-04-12	IT
3	10 Emily	Martinez	1996-06-13	She/Her	70000.00	2021-01-05	IT
4	14 Olivia	Baker	1983-08-11	She/Her	78000.00	2011-10-25	IT
5	18 Mia	Lopez	1998-09-27	She/Her	70000.00	2021-03-11	IT
6	22 Amelia	Young	1991-06-23	She/Her	70000.00	2016-11-02	IT
7	26 Chloe	Martin	1996-12-31	She/Her	70000.00	2021-07-05	IT

Vocabulary

English	German
...	...



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