

# LU07.S03 - UPDATE

## A: Basic Update

As a company policy the attribute 'sex' is not required anymore and is to be emptied. Formulate the corresponding SQL statement that deletes all content from that column.

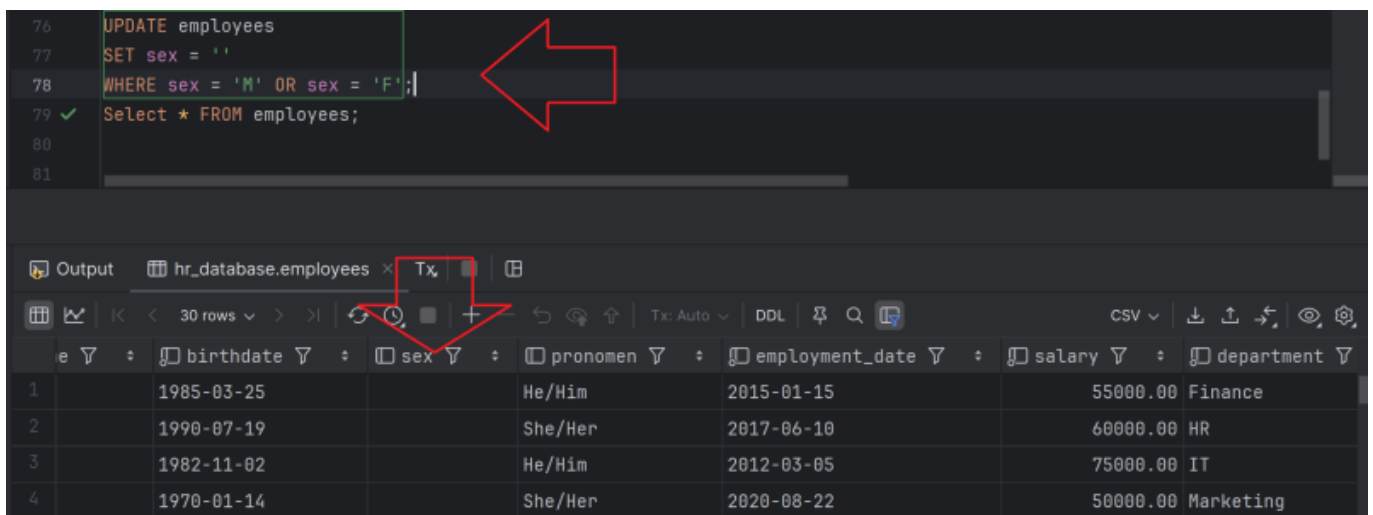
```
Update employees
SET surname = 'Suter'
WHERE employee_ID = 8;
```

## B: Update with OR

As a company policy the attribute 'sex' is not required anymore and is to be emptied. Formulate the corresponding SQL statement that deletes all content from that column.

```
UPDATE employees
SET sex = ''
WHERE sex = 'M' OR sex = 'F';
```

After performing the update statement, the select on the table 'employee' shows that the column 'sex' is now empty.



```
76 UPDATE employees
77 SET sex = ''
78 WHERE sex = 'M' OR sex = 'F';
79 ✓ Select * FROM employees;
80
81
```

	birthdate	sex	pronomen	employment_date	salary	department
1	1985-03-25		He/Him	2015-01-15	55000.00	Finance
2	1990-07-19		She/Her	2017-06-10	60000.00	HR
3	1982-11-02		He/Him	2012-03-05	75000.00	IT
4	1970-01-14		She/Her	2020-08-22	50000.00	Marketing

## C: Update with AND =?

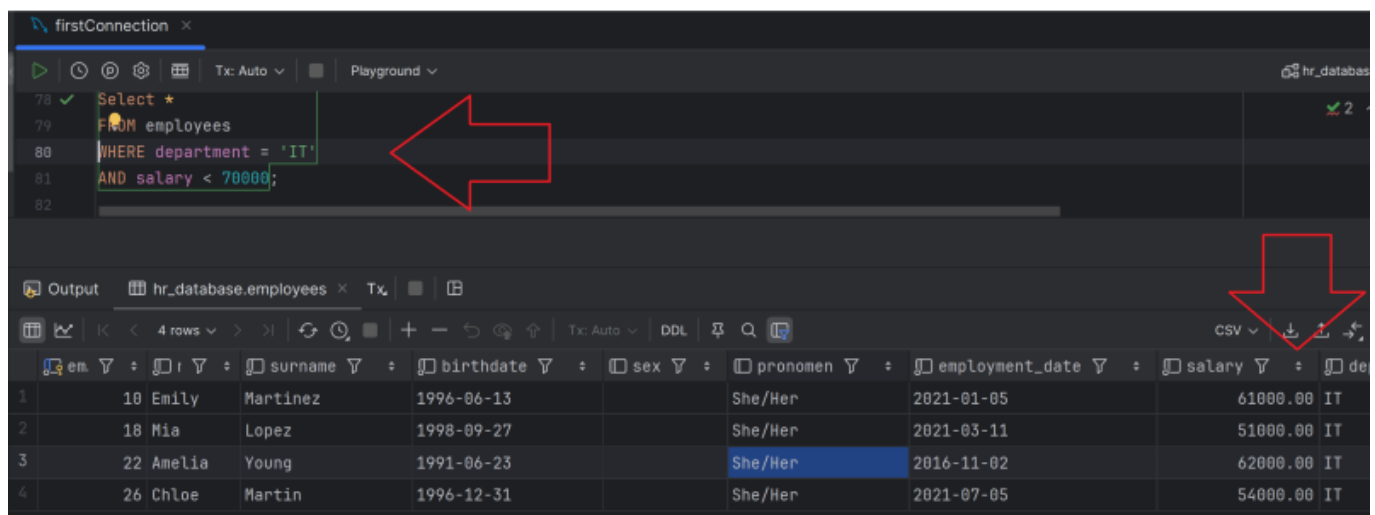
The performance of our company's IT department was outstanding last year, resulting in a pay rise to 70'000 for all IT employees earning less than CHF 70,000. Create a DML update command that covers the requirements.

to make sure, that the outcome is correct we first need to find the rows concerned. The following SQL

statements will give us the correct resultset.

```
Select *  
FROM employees  
WHERE department = 'IT'  
AND salary < 70000;
```

This execution of the select results in the following image:



	em.	first_name	surname	birthdate	sex	pronomen	employment_date	salary	de
1	10	Emily	Martinez	1996-06-13		She/Her	2021-01-05	61000.00	IT
2	18	Mia	Lopez	1998-09-27		She/Her	2021-03-11	51000.00	IT
3	22	Amelia	Young	1991-06-23		She/Her	2016-11-02	62000.00	IT
4	26	Chloe	Martin	1996-12-31		She/Her	2021-07-05	54000.00	IT

After executing the following update command, we check the result, in which the 4 lines the 'Salary' column are now updated to CHF 70'0000,-.

```
UPDATE employees  
SET salary = 70000  
WHERE department = 'IT'  
AND salary < 70000;
```

```
Select *  
FROM employees  
WHERE department = 'IT';
```

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UPDATE employees

SET salary = 70000

WHERE department = 'IT'

AND salary < 70000;

Select \*

FROM employees

WHERE department = 'IT';

;

Output

hr\_database.employees

Tx

7 rows

DDL

CSV

Download

Copy

Refresh

Filter

Sort

Columns

employee_ID	name	su	bir...	pronomen	salary	employment_...	department
1	3 Mike	Brown	1982-11-02	He/Him	75000.00	2012-03-05	IT
2	6 Anna	Lee	1993-12-01	She/Her	72000.00	2018-04-12	IT
3	10 Emily	Martinez	1996-06-13	She/Her	70000.00	2021-01-05	IT
4	14 Olivia	Baker	1983-08-11	She/Her	78000.00	2011-10-25	IT
5	18 Mia	Lopez	1998-09-27	She/Her	70000.00	2021-03-11	IT
6	22 Amelia	Young	1991-06-23	She/Her	70000.00	2016-11-02	IT
7	26 Chloe	Martin	1996-12-31	She/Her	70000.00	2021-07-05	IT

Vocabulary

English	German
...	...

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Last update:

2024/10/01 10:57

