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# **LU08d - SQL-DML: DELETE**

#### Sources:

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### 3. DELETE Statement

The DELETE command is used to remove records from a table. Like UPDATE, it can be run with or without a filter, making it vital to define the condition to avoid unintended data removal.

# **DELETE with Filter (WHERE Clause)**

Using a WHERE clause ensures that only specific rows matching the condition will be deleted.

#### Syntax:

```
DELETE FROM table_name
WHERE condition;
```

#### **Example**

```
DELETE FROM employees
WHERE employee_id = 1;
```

## **DELETE** without Filter

Omitting the WHERE clause removes all data from the table, so it must be used cautiously. This operation doesn't remove the table structure, just the rows.

#### Syntax:

DELETE FROM table\_name;

#### **Example:**

DELETE FROM employees;

### **Vocabulary**

English	Deutsch



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