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LU07d - SQL-DML: DELETE

Sources:

• W3Schools | DELETE

3. DELETE Statement

The DELETE command is used to remove records from a table. Like UPDATE, it can be run with or without a filter, making it vital to define the condition to avoid unintended data removal.

DELETE with Filter (WHERE Clause)

Using a WHERE clause ensures that only specific rows matching the condition will be deleted.

Syntax:

```
DELETE FROM table_name
WHERE condition;
```

Example

```
DELETE FROM employees
WHERE employee id = 1;
```

DELETE without Filter

Omitting the WHERE clause removes all data from the table, so it must be used cautiously. This operation doesn't remove the table structure, just the rows.

Syntax:

DELETE FROM table_name;

Example:

DELETE FROM employees;

Vocabulary

English	Deutsch



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